Executive Action on Immigration Will Benefit State Economies

**Arizona:** 104,000 undocumented are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$100 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**California:** 1,214,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$904 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Colorado:** 70,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$180 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Connecticut:** 30,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$31 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Florida:** 181,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$102 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Georgia:** 130,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$190 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Illinois:** 214,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$347 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Indiana:** 34,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$66 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Iowa:** 14,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$23 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Kansas:** 26,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$22 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]
**Kentucky**: 15,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$31 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Maryland**: 60,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$114 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Minnesota**: 31,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$42 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Missouri**: 21,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$27 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Nebraska**: 15,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$16 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Nevada**: 53,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$21 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**New Jersey**: 150,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$136 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**New York**: 258,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$184 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**North Carolina**: 122,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$197 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Ohio**: 25,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$41 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]

**Oklahoma**: 29,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a **$26 million increase in tax revenues**, over five years. [link]
Pennsylvania: 38,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a $75 million increase in tax revenues, over five years. [link]

Texas: 594,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a $338 million increase in tax revenues, over five years. [link]

Virginia: 66,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a $106 million increase in tax revenues, over five years. [link]

Washington: 82,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a $57 million increase in tax revenues, over five years. [link]

Wisconsin: 25,000 undocumented immigrants are eligible for deferred action under the president’s November 20th executive actions on immigration. If these immigrants are able to receive a temporary work permit, it would lead to a $19 million increase in tax revenues, over five years. [link]