

Voting Record

OF THE 109th CONGRESS

When Congress convened in January 2005, President Bush had just been re-elected to his second term and returned to office with a Republican majority in Congress.

Starting from what was believed to be a position of strength, the agenda for the second Bush term and the 109th Congress included plans to privatize Social Security and overhaul the tax code to provide even more tax relief for the wealthiest Americans.

The AFT is working to shape events on Capitol Hill. Through our Activists for Congressional Education (ACE) program, AFT activists have built relationships with their senators and

representatives in their home districts. By talking with lawmakers about priority issues for the AFT, such as constructive changes to NCLB, protecting Social Security, increasing the minimum wage, protecting retirement and healthcare security, and passing the Employee Free Choice Act to protect workers' rights to organize and join a union, the AFT has made its voice heard. And through the AFT e-Activist network, more than 50,000 letters have been sent in support of the AFT's position on key bills before Congress.

The AFT also has played a large role in slowing attacks on labor and public education. Faced with strong opposition from the AFT and others in labor, the leadership in Congress withdrew plans to privatize Social Security and failed to act on the president's private school voucher proposal. All in all, the 109th Congress has not been able to move much of a legislative agenda. Agreement has not been reached on key budget and spending bills. Both the Higher Education and Head Start acts, due to be reauthorized, remain unfinished. Work on issues like immigration, math and science competitiveness, and welfare reform also have not been completed. In fact, whatever the outcomes of the November elections, it seems likely the 109th Congress will return to Washington to finish its work in a lame-duck session.

This voting record, spanning 2005-06, contains a selection of votes that are especially important for AFT members, the institutions in which we work and the people we serve. It provides a summary of how your elected representatives in Congress voted on key issues. Votes are listed as Right (R) or Wrong (W) according to the AFT position on each issue. Party affiliation (D = Democrat, R = Republican, I = Independent) follows the member's name. The voting record was prepared by the American Federation of Teachers department of legislation. It is available online at www.aft.org/legislation/voting_record_search.cfm.



A Union of Professionals

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HOUSE VOTES

(Votes in chronological order)

1. MERIT PAY FOR TEACHERS As part of its 2006 fiscal year budget proposal, the Bush administration called for a new "teacher incentive fund" to reward "effective" teachers and create competitive grants to design and implement merit pay systems. Rep. Tom Price (R-Ga.) offered an amendment to the 2006 fiscal year Labor-HHS-Education appropriations bill that would have added \$70 million to the teacher incentive fund. The AFT supported adding additional money to NCLB, instead. The Price amendment failed 102-298 on June 24, 2005.

A no vote is a right vote.

2. WORKPLACE SAFETY The Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) is the primary federal law used to protect workers from physical injury and death on the job. The House voted on several bills to amend OSHA that would limit workplace protections and enforcement by the federal government. The most harmful of these bills was the Occupational Safety and Health Small Employer Access to Justice Act (H.R. 742), which required the government to pay the attorneys' fees of an employer that prevails in any enforcement or administrative action, even when the government's behavior was substantially justified. The bill passed 235-187 on July 12, 2005. **A no vote is a right vote.**

3. HEALTHCARE Trade associations often use the group purchasing power of their membership to negotiate lower healthcare costs for their members. These association health plans (AHPs) are in turn used by small businesses to provide health insurance to their workers. H.R. 525 exempted AHPs from state consumer-protection rules and coverage guidelines that other insurers must follow, meaning that AHPs could offer bare-bones plans that only appeal to younger, healthier workers and threaten existing employer-provided health insurance coverage. According to the Congressional Budget Office, this could lead to premium increases for the majority of small firms that offer comprehensive coverage. The bill passed 263-165 on July 26, 2005. **A no vote is a right vote.**

4. CAFTA Passage of the Dominican Republic-Central American Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA) was a top priority of the Bush administration. Like its model, the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), CAFTA will continue the disastrous trend of outsourcing U.S. jobs by encouraging companies to move out of the country to take advantage of workers willing to accept lower wages and benefits. Although it lacked environmental and labor protections, CAFTA passed 217-215 on July 28, 2005. **A no vote is a right vote.**

5. FUNDING FOR EDUCATION The conference report on the 2005 fiscal year appropriations bill for the departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education would have cut critical funds for elementary and secondary education programs, college aid for students, and job training and employment services. Opposed by the AFT, the vote on this legislation had rank-and-file moderate Republicans going against House leadership. The bill failed to pass 209-224 on Nov. 17, 2005. **A no vote is a right vote.**

6. TAX RECONCILIATION As part of the budget reconciliation process, the Bush administration and the Republican leadership proposed tax cuts, mostly for the wealthiest Americans. These cuts would be paid for by reductions in funding for key domestic programs, such as student aid. The House ultimately passed a \$56 bil-

VOTE NUMBER:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
AFT POSITION:	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y
ALABAMA										
Aderholt (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Bachus, S. (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Bonner (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Cramer (D)	R	W	X	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
Davis, A. (D)	R	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	W	W
Everett (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Rogers, Mike D. (R)	X	W	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	W
ALASKA										
Young, D. (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
AMERICAN SAMOA										
Faleomavaega (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
ARIZONA										
Flake (D)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	R	W
Franks, T. (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Grijalva (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Hayworth (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Kolbe (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pastor (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Renzi (R)	W	W	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	W
Shadegg (R)	R	X	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
ARKANSAS										
Berry (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Boozman (R)	X	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Ross (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Snyder (D)	R	R	W	W	R	R	R	R	R	R
CALIFORNIA										
Baca (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	X	X	X
Becerra (D)	(R)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Berman (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Bono (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Calvert (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Capps (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Cardoza (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Costa (D)	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Cox (R)	W	W	W	W	I	I	I	I	I	I
Cunningham (R)	R	W	W	W	I	I	I	I	I	I
Davis, S. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Doolittle (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Dreier (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Eshoo (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Farr (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Filner (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Gallegly (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Harman (D)	X	R	W	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Hergert (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Honda (D)	X	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Hunter (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Issa (R)	R	W	W	W	W	X	W	W	W	W
Lantos (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Lee (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Lewis, Jerry (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Lofgren (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Lungren (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Matsui, D. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
McKeon (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Millender-McDonald (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Miller, George (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Miller, Gary (R)	W	W	W	W	W	X	W	W	W	W
Napolitano (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Nunes (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Pelosi (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Pombo (R)	W	(W)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Radanovich (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Rohrabacher (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Roybal-Allard (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Royce (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Sanchez, Linda (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Sanchez, Loretta (D)	R	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Schiff (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Sherman (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Solis (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Stark (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	X	X	X
Tauscher (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Thomas, B. (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Thompson, M. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Waters (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Watson (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	X	R	R	R
Waxman (D)	R	R	X	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Woolsey (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
COLORADO										
Beauprez (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
DeGette (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Hefley (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W

VOTE NUMBER:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
AFT POSITION:	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	Y
CONNECTICUT										
DeLauro (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Johnson, N. (R)	W	W	W	W	R	W	W	R	W	W
Larson, J. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Shays (R)	R	R	W	W	W	W	W	R	W	W
Simmons (R)	(R)	W	W	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
DELAWARE										
Castle (R)	R	W	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	W
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA										
Norton (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
FLORIDA										
Bilirakis (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	X	X	X
Boyd (D)	X	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Brown, C. (D)	(R)	(R)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Brown-Waite (R)	W	W	W	W	X	W	W	W	W	W
Crenshaw (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Davis, Jim (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	X	R	R	R
Diaz-Balart, L. (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Diaz-Balart, M. (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Feeney (R)	R	W	X	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Foley (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Harris (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Hastings, A. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Keller (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Mack (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Meek, K. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Mica (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Miller, J. (R)	W	(W)	W	W	W	W	(R)	W	W	W
Putnam (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Ros-Lehtinen (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Shaw (R)	R	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Stearns (R)	W	W	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	W
Wasserman-Schultz (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Weldon, D. (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Wexler (D)	X	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Young, C.W. (R)	X	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
GEORGIA										
Barrow (D)	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
Bishop, S. (D)	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Deal (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	X	X	X	X
Gingrey (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Kingston (R)	X	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Lewis, John (D)	(R)	R	R	R	R	R	X	X	X	X
Linder (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	X	X	X	X
Marshall (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
McKinney (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	X	X	X
Norwood (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Price, T. (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Scott, D. (D)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Westmoreland (R)	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
GUAM										
Bordallo (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
HAWAII										
Abercrombie (D)	R	(R)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W
Case (D)	R	W	W	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
IDAHO										
Otter (R)	W	W	W	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Simpson (R)	R	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	W	W

SENATE VOTES

(Votes in chronological order)

1. SOCIAL SECURITY The AFT, along with the AFL-CIO and other groups, has worked hard to block any effort that would weaken the Social Security program and its benefits. Sen. Bill Nelson (D-Fla.) offered a “sense of the Senate” amendment to the budget resolution stating that the Senate should reject any Social Security reform package that would require deep benefits cuts or a massive increase in the federal debt. The amendment failed 50-50 on March 15, 2005. **A yes vote is a right vote.**

2. HIGHER EDUCATION FUNDING The AFT supported an amendment to the 2005 budget resolution that restored cuts to federal student aid programs and raised the maximum Pell Grant to \$4,500 per year. The amendment also provided up to \$23,000 in loan forgiveness to math, science and special education teachers who work in high-need schools. The amendment passed 51-49 on April 28, 2005. **A yes vote is a right vote.**

3. CAFTA Passage of the Dominican Republic-Central American Free Trade Agreement (CAFTA) was a top priority of the Bush administration. Like its model, the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), CAFTA will continue the disastrous trend of outsourcing U.S. jobs by encouraging companies to move out of the country to take advantage of workers willing to accept lower wages and benefits. Although it lacked environmental and labor protections, CAFTA passed 54-45 on June 20, 2005. **A no vote is a right vote.**

4. NCLB/TITLE I FUNDING When the No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) was passed, Congress provided funding authorization levels commensurate with the law’s accountability and other requirements. From 2002 to 2005, however, the gap between what Congress promised and what Congress provided for NCLB programs was \$27 billion. Sen. Robert Byrd (D-W. Va.) offered an amendment to the 2006 fiscal year Labor-HHS-Education appropriations bill to add \$5 billion for Title I of NCLB. The amendment was rejected 44-51 on Oct. 26, 2005. **A yes vote is a right vote.**

5. SPECIAL EDUCATION FUNDING Congress continues to fail to live up to the commitment it made more than 30 years ago to fund 40 percent of the costs of educating students with disabilities. The shortfall has cost schools more than \$300 billion since IDEA (the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act) was enacted in 1975. Sen. Hillary Clinton (D-N.Y.) offered an amendment to the 2006 fiscal year Labor-HHS-Education appropriations bill that would have provided \$4 billion in additional funding for special education. The amendment failed 46-53 on Oct. 26, 2005. **A yes vote is a right vote.**

6. MEDICARE PREMIUMS Senior citizens faced an increase in their premiums for Medicare Part B, which pays for physicians’ services and other medical costs. This increase was caused when Congress enacted a raise in Medicare payments to physicians, while failing to secure savings from Medi-

	SOCIAL SECURITY	HIGHER EDUCATION FUNDING	CAFTA	NCLB/TITLE I FUNDING	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUNDING	MEDICARE PREMIUMS	BUDGET RECONCILIATION	HEALTHCARE	MINIMUM WAGE
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VOTE NUMBER: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
AFT POSITION: Y Y N Y Y Y N N N

ALABAMA
Sessions, J. (R) W W W W W W W W W
Shelby (R) W W R W W W W W W

ALASKA
Murkowski (R) W W W W W W W W W
Stevens (R) W W W W W W W W W

ARIZONA
Kyl (R) W W W W W W W W W
McCain (R) W W W W W W W W W

ARKANSAS
Lincoln (D) R R W R R R R R W
Pryor (D) R R W R R R R R R

CALIFORNIA
Boxer (D) R R R R R R R R R
Feinstein (D) R R W R R R R R R

COLORADO
Allard (R) W W W W W W W W W
Salazar, K. (D) R R R R R R R R R

CONNECTICUT
Dodd (D) R R R R R R R R R
Lieberman (D) R R X R R R R R X

DELAWARE
Biden (D) R R R R R R R R R
Carper (D) R R W R R R R R R

FLORIDA
Martinez (R) W W W X W W W W W
Nelson, Bill (D) R R W X R R R R W

GEORGIA
Chambliss (R) W W W W W W W W W
Isakson (R) W W W W W W W W W

HAWAII
Akaka (D) R R R R R R R R R
Inouye (D) R R R R R R R R R

IDAHO
Craig (R) W W R W W W W W W
Crapo (R) W W R W W W W W W

ILLINOIS
Durbin (D) R R R R R R R R R
Obama (D) R R R R R R R R R

INDIANA
Bayh (D) R R R R R R R R R
Lugar (R) W W W R R W W W W

IOWA
Grassley (R) W W W W W W W W W
Harkin (D) R R R R R R R R R

KANSAS
Brownback (R) W W W W W W W W W
Roberts (R) W W W W W W W W W

KENTUCKY
Bunning (R) W W W W W W W W W
McConnell (R) W W W W W W W W W

care payments to private health plans. Sen. Bill Nelson (D-Fla.) offered an amendment to the budget reconciliation bill that would have protected seniors from steep increases in their Medicare Part B premiums. The amendment failed 49-50 on Nov. 3, 2005. **A yes vote is a right vote.**

7. BUDGET RECONCILIATION Led by the Bush administration, the Republican leadership in Congress needed to come up with \$50 billion in funding cuts for key education, health and labor programs to pay for the huge tax breaks given to the wealthiest Americans. The package included \$39.7 billion in cuts for Medicaid, Medicare, student aid and other critical programs. In addition, the revenue losses caused by reconciliation will push additional burdens on cash-strapped states and make it more difficult

	SOCIAL SECURITY	HIGHER EDUCATION FUNDING	CAFTA	NCLB/TITLE I FUNDING	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUNDING	MEDICARE PREMIUMS	BUDGET RECONCILIATION	HEALTHCARE	MINIMUM WAGE
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VOTE NUMBER: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
AFT POSITION: Y Y N Y Y Y N N N

LOUISIANA
Landrieu (D) R R R R R R R W R
Vitter (R) W W R W W W W W W

MAINE
Collins (R) R R R R R R R W W
Snowe (R) R R R R R R R W W

MARYLAND
Mikulski (D) R R R R R R R R R
Sarbanes (D) R R R R R R R R R

MASSACHUSETTS
Kennedy, E. (D) R R R R R R R R R
Kerry (D) R R R R R R R R R

MICHIGAN
Levin, C. (D) R R R R R R R R R
Stabenow (D) R R R R R R R R R

MINNESOTA
Coleman (R) W R W W W W W W W
Dayton (D) R R R X R R R R R

MISSISSIPPI
Cochran (R) W W W W W W W W W
Lott (R) W W W W W W W W W

MISSOURI
Bond (R) W W W W W W W W W
Talent (R) W W W W W R W W W

MONTANA
Baucus, M. (D) R R R R R R R R X
Burns (R) W W R W W R W W W

NEBRASKA
Hagel (R) W W W W W W W W W
Nelson, Ben (D) R R W R R R R W W

NEVADA
Ensign (R) W W W W W W W W W
Reid, H. (D) R R R R R R R R R

NEW HAMPSHIRE
Gregg (R) W W W W W W W W W
Sununu (R) W W W W W W W W W

NEW JERSEY
Corzine (D) R R R X X X R I
Lautenberg (D) R R R R R R R R R
Menendez (D) I I I I I I I R R

NEW MEXICO
Bingaman (D) R R W R R R R R R
Domenici (R) W W W W W W W W W

NEW YORK
Clinton (D) R R R R R R R R R
Schumer (D) R R R R R R R R R

NORTH CAROLINA
Burr (R) W W W W W W W W W
Dole (R) W W W W W W W W W

for state and local governments to provide necessary services. After a 50-50 vote, Vice President Dick Cheney cast the tiebreaking vote on Dec. 21, 2005. **A no vote is a right vote.**

8. HEALTHCARE The AFT and the AFL-CIO worked to block consideration of a bill that would have taken away state authority to require health insurance providers to cover cancer screening; prenatal and well-baby care; diabetes supplies; mental health care; maternity care; mammography, prostate and colorectal screenings; and post-mastectomy hospital stays. The motion was rejected 55-43 on May 11, 2006. **A no vote is a right vote.**

9. MINIMUM WAGE A week after the House passed a bill tying an increase in the

	SOCIAL SECURITY	HIGHER EDUCATION FUNDING	CAFTA	NCLB/TITLE I FUNDING	SPECIAL EDUCATION FUNDING	MEDICARE PREMIUMS	BUDGET RECONCILIATION	HEALTHCARE	MINIMUM WAGE
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VOTE NUMBER: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
AFT POSITION: Y Y N Y Y Y N N N

NORTH DAKOTA
Conrad (D) R R R W W R R R R
Dorgan (D) R R R R W R R R R

OHIO
DeWine (R) R R W W W R R W W
Voinovich (R) W W W W W W W W R

OKLAHOMA
Coburn (R) W W W W W W W W W
Inhofe (R) W W W W W W W W W

OREGON
Smith, G. (R) W W W W W W W W W
Wyden (D) R R W R R R R R R

PENNSYLVANIA
Santorum (R) W W W W W W W W W
Specter (R) R R R W W W W X W

RHODE ISLAND
Chafee (R) W R W W R W R R R
Reed, J. (D) R R R R R R R R R

SOUTH CAROLINA
DeMint (R) W W W W W W W W W
Graham (R) R W R W W W W W W

SOUTH DAKOTA
Johnson, Tim (D) R R R R R R R R R
Thune (R) W W R W W W W W W

TENNESSEE
Alexander, L. (R) W W W W W W W W W
Frist (R) W W W W W W W W R

TEXAS
Cornyn (R) W W W W W W W W W
Hutchison (R) W W W W W W W W W

UTAH
Bennett (R) W W W W W W W W W
Hatch (R) W W W W W W W W W

VERMONT
Jeffords (I) R R W R R R R R R
Leahy (D) R R R R R R R R R

VIRGINIA
Allen, G. (R) W W W W W W W W W
Warner (R) W W W X W W W W W

WASHINGTON
Cantwell (D) R R W R R R R R R
Murray (D) R R W R R R R R R

WEST VIRGINIA
Byrd (D) R R R R R R R R W
Rockefeller (D) R R R R R R R X R

WISCONSIN
Feingold (D) R R R R R R R R R
Kohl (D) R R R R R R R R R

WYOMING
Enzi (R) W W R W W W W W W
Thomas, C. (R) W W W W W W R R W

VOTE KEY

- R Member's position agrees with AFT position
- W Member's position disagrees with AFT position
- X Member did not cast a ye or nay vote or announce a position
- () Member did not cast a ye or nay vote but announced this position
- I Member was ineligible to vote